

3GPP Release 5 & 6 introduce new DL/UL transport channels HSDPA & HSUPA that enhance support for high-performance packet data applications. Together these two technologies are known as High Speed Packet Access (HSPA). This course provides a good understanding of HSDPA & HSUPA air interface features and protocol (e.g. RLC, MAC) changes. A good knowledge of 3GPP UMTS would be beneficial for anyone attending this course.

Who Should Attend

This is advanced level course and suitable for telecom professionals including design, testing, support & sales engineers who already have good understanding of UMTS technologies.

Objective

After completing this course, the audience will be able to:

- Understand HSPA features
- Describe HSDPA/HSUPA channels/technology
- Describe protocols (e.g. RLC, MAC) changes
- Explain Signaling procedures

Course Contents

UMTS Overview

HSPA

- Overview of HSPA
- HSPA goals
- HSPA approach

HSDPA

- HSDPA Basics
- HSDPA in the UTRAN
- HSDPA channels
- HSDPA strategies
- High speed channel usage

HSUPA

- HS-DPCCH, CQI and H-ARQ
 - HS-DSCH and HS-SSCH
 - HSDPA UE categories
 - HSDPA Traffic Operations
 - HSDPA data transmission overview
 - CQI reporting
 - Node B DL scheduling
- Basics
 - HSUPA in the UTRAN
 - HSUPA channels
 - HSUPA strategies
 - HSUPA Channels
 - Enhanced channel usage
 - UL channels (E-DCH and E-DPCCH)
 - DL channels (E-AGCH, E-RGCH and E-HICH)
 - HSUPA UE categories
 - HSUPA Traffic Operations
 - HSDPA data transmission overview
 - Scheduling request
 - Uplink scheduling at Node B
 - Grant allocation
 - Data transmission and control
 - H-ARQ – Node B to UE
 - HSUPA Data Call Signaling
 - RRC connection
 - Radio bearer setup